

Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing : Project Kickoff

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Agenda

- Project Background
- Recap of 2019 Market Design Concept Proposal
- Next Steps



Previous Presentations

Date	Working Group	Discussion points and links to materials
Nov 21, 2019	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing
Feb 15, 2019	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	<u>Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing</u> - Market Design <u>Concept Proposal</u>
October 2, 2018	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing – Study Review
August 7, 2018	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	<u>Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing – High Level Design</u> <u>Considerations</u>
June 25, 2018	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing – Analysis Update
April 10, 2018	Market Issues Working Group (MIWG)	Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing – Study Approach



Project Background



A Grid in Transition – The Plan

- Carbon Pricing
- Comprehensive Mitigation Review
- DER Participation Model
- Energy Storage
 Participation Model
- Hybrid Storage Model

Aligning Competitive Markets and New York State Clean Energy Objectives



- Enhancing Energy & Shortage Pricing
 - Ancillary Services Shortage
 Pricing
 - Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing
 - Enhanced Fast Start Pricing
- Review Energy & Ancillary Services Product Design
 - More Granular Operating Reserves
 - Reserve Enhancements for Constrained Areas
 - Reserves for Resource Flexibility

Valuing Resource & Grid Flexibility



• Enhancements to Resource Adequacy Models

- Revise Resource Capacity Ratings to Reflect Reliability Contribution
 - Expanding Capacity Eligibility
 - Tailored Availability Metric
- Capacity Demand Curve Adjustments

Improving Capacity Market Valuation





Background - Current Transmission Constraint Pricing (TCP) Logic

- The NYISO assigns a constraint reliability margin (CRM) to facilities and interfaces to help manage transmission modeling uncertainty.
 - The CRM value represents a reduction to the otherwise applicable transmission facility rating or interface limit that is used to set the effective limit in the market software
 - A zero value CRM is applied to facilities that are generally located within a generation pocket, as well as external interfaces
- The following limits on Shadow Prices are applied in instances of transmission shortages (implemented on June 20, 2017)

Facility Type	Demand (MW)	Demand Curve Price (\$/MWh)	Price Cap
Non Zoro CDM	Up to 5	\$350	\$4000
Non-Zero CRM	>5 to 20	\$1175	
Zero CRM	N/A	N/A	\$4000



Background - Current Transmission Constraint Pricing (TCP) Logic

- For facilities with a non-zero value CRM, the software will seek redispatch at a shadow price up to \$4,000 per MW, with consideration of the 20 MW of relief afforded by the two-step demand curve mechanism.
- For zero value CRM facilities, the software will seek redispatch at a shadow price up to \$4,000 per MW, without consideration of any demand curve mechanism.
- For all facilities, in situations where insufficient resource/demand curve capacity is available to fully resolve a constraint, "relaxation" is applied
 - To determine the applicable shadow cost for the transmission constraint, the applicable limit for the facility is increased to a value equal to the flow that can be achieved on the constraint by the available resources (including the 20 MW of relief from the demand curve mechanism, if applicable), plus 0.2 MW



Background – Progress so far

- The NYISO completed a study of the current transmission constraint pricing logic in September 2018.¹
 - The study included a number of recommended considerations with respect to potential enhancements to the current TCP logic
- The NYISO presented a Market Design Concept Proposal in February 2019.²

1 Link to the Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing study:

https://www.nyiso.com/documents/20142/2549789/Constraint%20Specific%20Transmission%20Shortage%20Pricing%20-%20Paper_Final.pdf 2 Link to the Constraint Specific Transmission Shortage Pricing Market Design Concept Proposal: https://www.nyiso.com/documents/20142/5020603/Constraint%20Specific%20Transmission%20Shortage%20Pricing%20_MDCP_021519.pdf

Recap of 2019 Market Design Concept Proposal



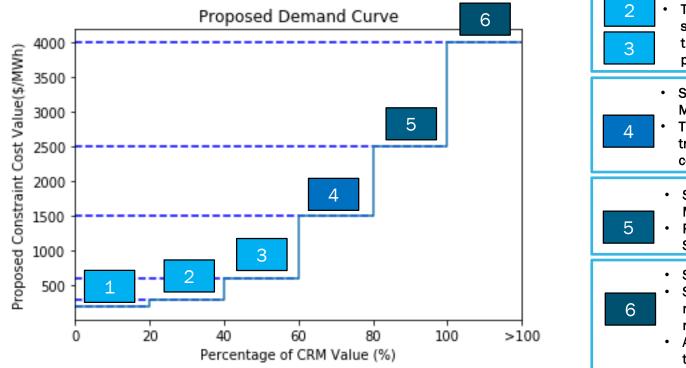
Summary of the 2019 Proposal

- The NYISO proposed to implement a revised approach to the current TCP logic consisting of the following components:
 - 1. Establish a revised six-step transmission demand curve mechanism for facilities currently assigned a non-zero CRM value.
 - 2. Apply a non-zero CRM value to internal facilities currently assigned a zero value CRM, with a separate demand curve mechanism for such facilities.
 - 3. Maintain the current single value \$4,000 shadow price capping method for external interface facilities (zero value CRM) permitting the continued use of constraint relaxation.

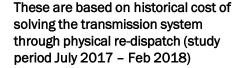


Proposal for Non-Zero CRM Value Facilities

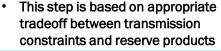
 The NYISO proposed following transmission demand curve for facilities currently assigned a non-zero value CRM:



 Steps 1, 2 & 3 are priced at \$200, \$300 and \$600 per MWh, respectively



 Step 4 is priced at \$1,500 per MWh



 Step 5 is priced at \$2,500 per MWh

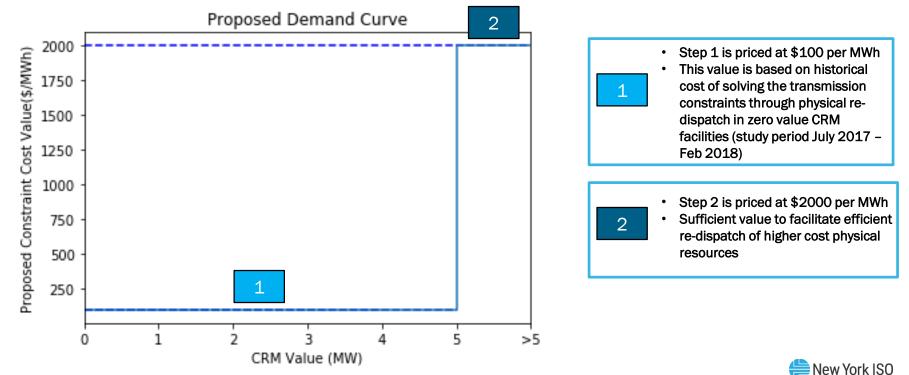


- Step 6 is priced at \$4,000 per MWh
- Sufficient value to facilitate efficient re-dispatch of higher cost physical resources
- Applies to all shortages in excess of the applicable CRM value

[📄] New York ISO

Proposal for Current Zero Value CRM Internal Facilities

• The NYISO proposed to apply a small non-zero CRM value (5 MW) to internal facilities currently assigned a zero value CRM and apply the following demand curve :



Next Steps

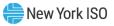


Next Steps

Project Deliverable: Market Design Complete in Q4 2021

Q2/Q3 2021

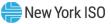
- Update prior analysis with more recent data and assess whether adjustments to the proposal may be warranted
 - The demand curve pricing values for the 2019 proposal utilized data from July 2017 – February 2018
- Evaluate feedback received on the past proposal
- Continue discussions on the design proposal with stakeholders



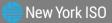
Next Steps

Q3/Q4 2021

- Finalize design proposal
- Develop associated tariff revisions
- Present Consumer Impact Analysis
- Seek stakeholder approval at BIC and MC



Questions?



Our mission, in collaboration with our stakeholders, is to serve the public interest and provide benefit to consumers by:

- Maintaining and enhancing regional reliability
- Operating open, fair and competitive wholesale electricity markets
- Planning the power system for the future
- Providing factual information to policymakers, stakeholders and investors in the power system



